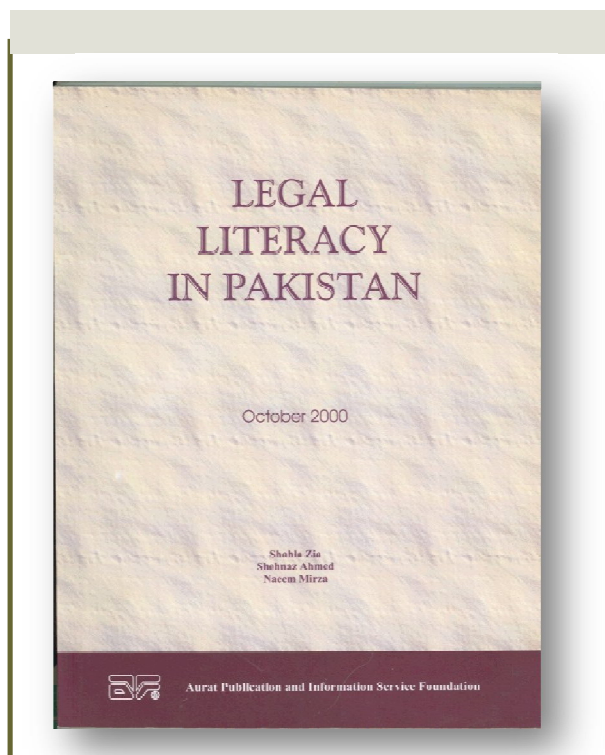


Reports and Books



Title: Legal Literacy in Pakistan

Author: Shahla Zia, Shehnaz Ahmed & Naeem Mirza

Publishing place: Islamabad

Publishing year: 2002

Descriptions: 97 p.

Size: 8.5x11

Regional technical assistance for the study was provided by the Asian Development Bank.

Main Features of Report

CONTENTS

Section 1: Introduction

Section 2: Context and constraints on disadvantaged group's access to the legal system

Section 3: An overview of legal literacy work in Pakistan

Section 4: Some examples of the nature and impact of legal literacy strategies

Section 5: Comparative review

Section 6: Conclusions

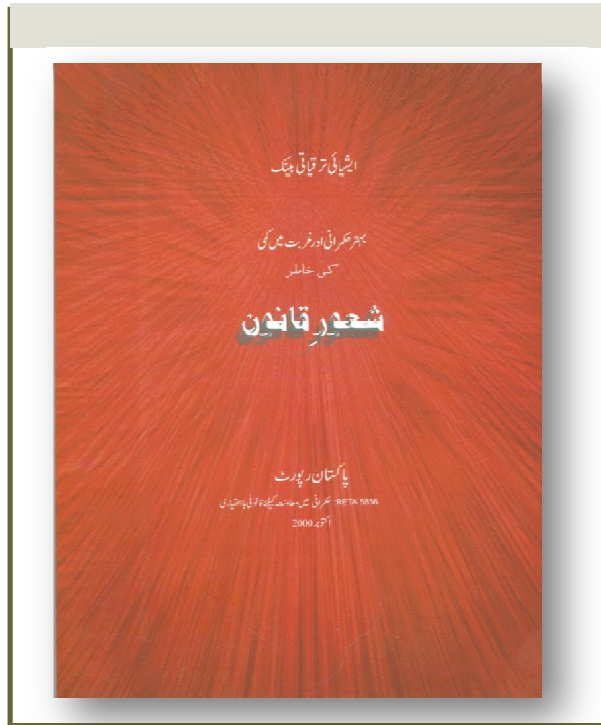
About the Report

Legal literacy is commonly understood as the basic knowledge of legal rights and processes among ordinary citizens who have no formal training in law.

This study on Legal Literacy in Pakistan is a part of a seven-country study on "Legal Literacy for Supporting Governance" commissioned by the Asian Development Bank (ADB) and undertaken by the Asia Foundation (TAF).

The purpose of the study is to examine the effectiveness of legal literacy as a tool for institutionalizing good governance through the empowerment of disadvantaged groups such as women, minorities, and low income groups.

The study covers both grassroots legal literacy efforts that aims to increase the participation of citizens in the design or implementation of public policies, laws, and programmes.



Title: Shaor-e-Qanoon: Behtar Hukmarani aur Ghurbat mein kami ki khatir – Pakistan Report

Author: Shahla Zia, Shehnaz Ahmed & Naeem Mirza

Translated by: Kishwar Sultan & Naiyla Tahir

Language: Urdu
Publishing place: Islamabad
Publishing year: 2002
Description: 86 p
Size: 8.5x11

CONTENTS

Section 1: Taruf

Section 2: Mahroom Tabqoon ki qanooni nizam tak rasai ki rah mein hail rakawatain aur inka pas manzar

Section 3: Pakistan mein khawandgi qanoon kay kam ka jaiza

Section 4: Khawandgi qanoon kay kam ki hikmat amalion ki noiat aur inkey asrat ki chand misalain

Section 5: Taqabli jaiza

Section 6: Hasil Baheis

Section 7: Farhang-e-Istalahat

Section 8: Izhar-e-Tashakur

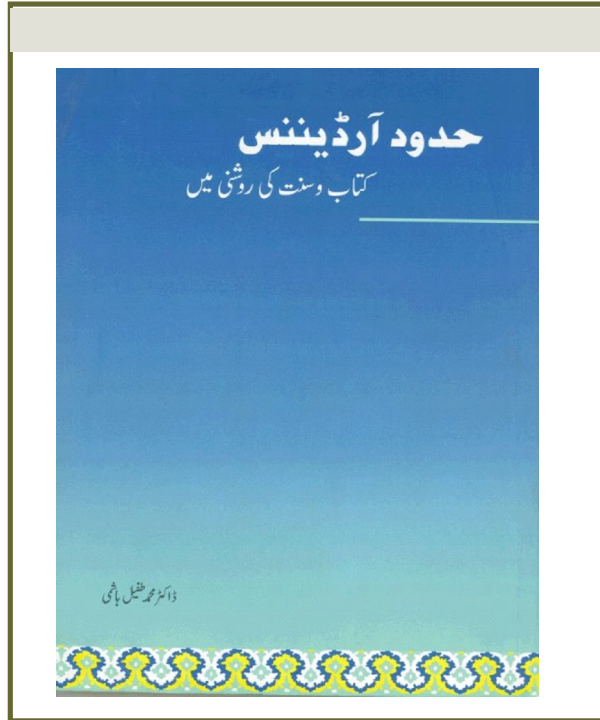
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Title: Hudood Ordinance Kitab-o-Sunnat Ki Roshni mein.

Author: Dr Muhammad Tufail Hashmi

Publishing place: Lahore

Publishing year: 2004

Description: 256 p

Size: 7x9.5

Language: Urdu

CONTENTS

Pesh lafz

Chapter 1: Hudood aur Tazeer

- Hudood aur Tazeer main farq
- Toba ki tareef

Chapter 2: Hudood ordinance (Zina)

- Zina Ki Tareef
- Had-e-Zina
- Zina Bil-Jabber ki Tareef

Chapter 3: Had-e-Qazaf

- Had-e-Qazaf ki Tareef
- Aurat Ki Gawahi

Chapter 4: Maal Key Khilaf Jaraim

- Baligh ki Tareef
- Harba Ki Tareef

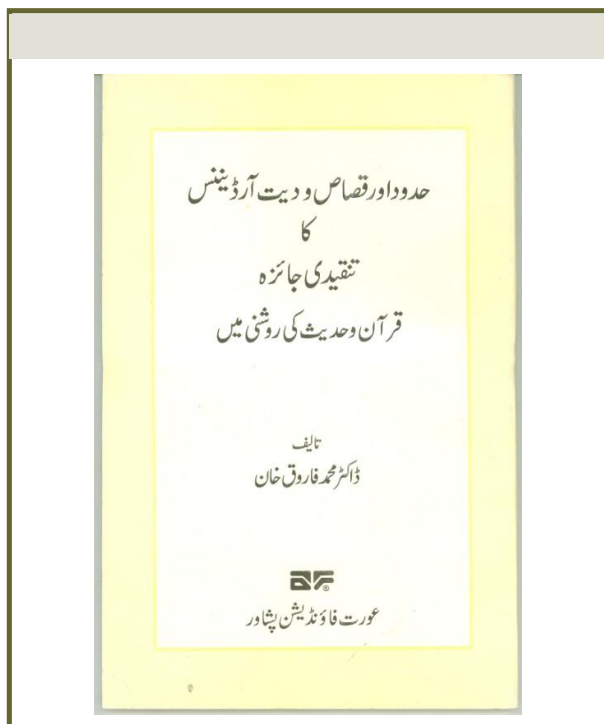
Chapter 5: Had-e-Imtana-e-Manshiyat

- Khumar ki Tareef
- Kia Khumar ky istemal per di janey wali saza Had hey yah Tazeer.

Chapter 6: Hudood Ordinance: Nataij Bahais

About the Report

This book describes the Hudood Ordinances that is a set of five ordinances. Brief sketches of the title of ordinances, forms of punishment and some Hadd punishments are presented. First Property (Enforcement of Hudood) Ordinance; second Zina (Enforcement of Hudood) Ordinance; third Qazf (Enforcement of Hadd) Order; fourth Prohibition (Enforcement of Hadd) Order and fifth is the Execution of Punishment of Whipping Ordinance.



Title: Hudood aur Qisas-o-Deeyat Ordinance ka Tanqidi

Jaiza Quran-o-Hadis Ki Roshni mein.

Author: Dr Muhammad Farooq Khan

Publishing place: Peshawar

Publishing year: 2004

Description: 118 p

Size: 5.5x8.5

Language: Urdu

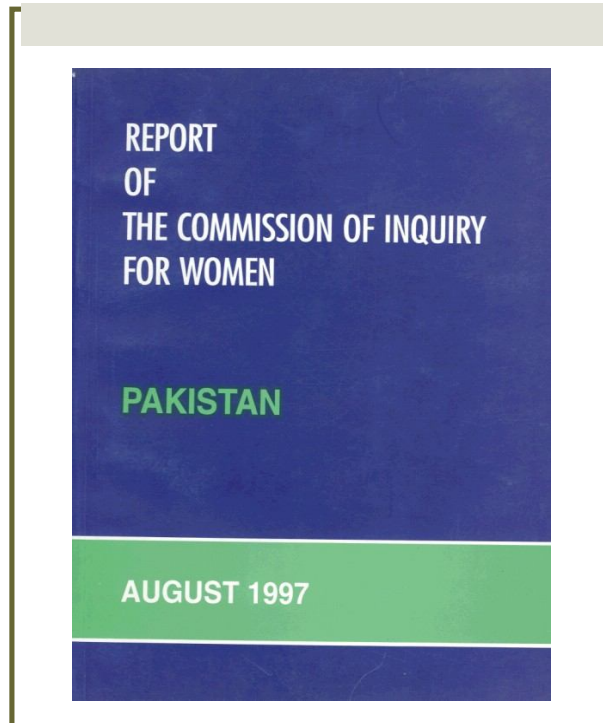
CONTENTS

- Chapter 1: Hudood aur Qisas-o-Diyat Ordinances
- Chapter 2: Jaraim Ber Khilaf Amlak
- Chapter 3: Juram Zina (Nafaz Hudood) Ordinance
- Chapter 4: Juram Qazf (Nafaz Hadd) Ordinance
- Chapter 5: Imtana Manshiyat (Nafaz Hadd) Ordinance
- Chapter 6: Qisas wa Diyat Ordinance
- Chapter 7: Women Aid Trust ki Report per Tanqeed wa Tabsarah

About the Report

The Hudood Ordinances were introduced in 1979 during the martial law period of General Zia-ul-Haq, under the pretext and grab of Islamisation. The ordinances prescribe two forms of punishment. Hadd literally means the limit and has been defined as punishment ordained by the Holy Quran or Sunnah. Tazir literally means to punish and includes any punishment other than hadd.

The Hudood Ordinances consists of the offences against property ordinance deals with the crimes of theft and armed and armed robbery; secondly the offence of Zina ordinance deals with the offences of rape, abduction, adultery and fornication; thirdly the offence of qazf ordinance relates to a false accusation of zina (adultery and fornication); fourthly the prohibition order deals with the manufacture, possession and use of intoxicants (alcohol and narcotics); fifthly the execution of punishment of whipping ordinance prescribes the mode of whipping for those convicted under the Hudood Ordinances.



Title: Report of the Commission of Inquiry for Women:

Pakistan

Publishing place: Lahore

Publishing year: 1997

Description: 183 p

Language: English

Size: 8x10.5

CONTENTS

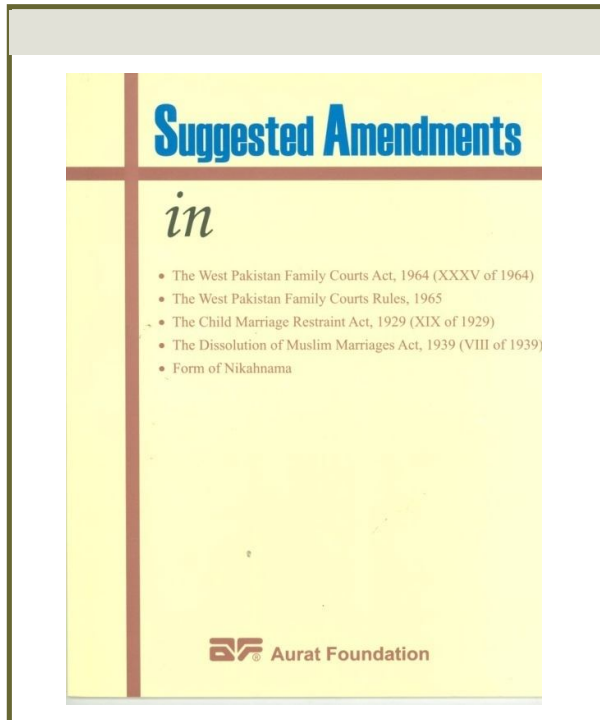
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|--------------|-------------------------|
| Preface | |
| Introduction | |
| Perspectives | |
| Chapter 1 | The constitution |
| Chapter 2 | Political participation |
| Chapter 3 | Citizenship |
| Chapter 4 | Family Laws |
| Chapter 5 | Labour and service Laws |
| Chapter 6 | criminal Laws |
| Chapter 7 | Qanoon-e-shahadat, 1984 |
| Chapter 8 | Violence against women |
| Chapter 9 | Development rights |
| Chapter 10 | Institutionalization |

Additional note: Maulana Muhammad Tuaseen

About the Report

The Commission of Inquiry for Women was set up in pursuance of a private member resolution in the Senate. The Proposal had been pending for nearly two years before it was adopted unanimously with certain amendments.

Three major commissions or committees were set up from time to time in the past to identify the areas of discrimination against Pakistani women and suggest remedial measures and changes in the existing laws for the betterment of the tragic plight of women. Although these bodies did make various recommendation in practical terms little was achieved.



Title: Suggested Amendments in the West Pakistan Family Courts Act, 1964.....

Publishing place: Islamabad

Publishing year: 2010

Description: 51 p

Size: 8.5x11

Language: English

CONTENTS

Introduction

A brief history of family laws in Pakistan

Summary of main recommendations

The West Pakistan Family Courts Act, 1964 (XXXV of 1964)

The West Pakistan Family Courts Rules, 1965

The Child Marriage Restraint Act, 1929 (XIX of 1929)

The Dissolution of Muslim Marriages Act, 1939 (VIII of 1939)

Form of Nikahanama

About the Report

The present four drafts of Muslim Family Laws with proposed amendments in them, in tabular form, are the result of a very valuable input given by a number of law experts, civil society organizations, particularly women's rights groups and committed human rights and women's rights activists. The law experts actually drafted these amendments.